

## Western System - PWSID NJ 0327001 2016 Table of Detected Contaminants

### Regulated Substances

Parameter	Units	Compliance Achieved	MCLG	MCL	Highest Level Detected	Range Detected	Typical Source
<b>Inorganics</b>							
Barium (2014-2016) <sup>1</sup>	ppm	Yes	2	2	0.1	ND to 0.1	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Total Chromium (UCMR 3 2013-2014) <sup>1</sup>	ppb	Yes	100	100	1.3	ND to 1.3	Naturally - occurring element; used in making steel and other alloys; chromium -3 or -6 forms are used for chrome plating, dyes and pigments, leather tanning and wood preservation
Nickel (2014-2016) <sup>1</sup>	ppb	Yes	NA <sup>2</sup>	NA <sup>2</sup>	8	ND to 8	Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	ppm	Yes	10	10	1.75	ND to 1.75	Runoff from fertilizer use; industrial or domestic wastewater discharges; erosion of natural deposits
<b>Turbidity</b>							
Turbidity <sup>3</sup>	NTU	Yes	NA	TT = 1 NTU	0.16	0.04 to 0.16	Soil runoff
	%	Yes	NA	TT = % of samples <0.3 NTU	100%	NA	Soil runoff
<b>Treatment Byproducts Precursor Removal</b>							
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	%	Yes	NA	TT ≥ 35% Removal	44% <sup>4</sup>	44% to 63%	Naturally present in the environment.
Ratio of Actual / Required TOC Removal	Ratio	Yes	NA	TT: Running Annual Average ≥ 1.0	1.81	1.27 to 1.81	Naturally present in the environment.
<b>Disinfectants</b>							
Chlorine	ppm	Yes	NA	TT = ≥ 0.20	0.36	0.36 to 1.02 <sup>5</sup>	Water additive used to control microbes
<b>Radiologicals</b>							
Alpha Emitters	pCi/L	Yes	0	15	5.94	ND to 5.94	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined Radium (226/228)	pCi/L	Yes	0	5	1.38	ND to 1.38	Erosion of natural deposits
<b>Footnotes</b>							
<sup>1</sup> The State of New Jersey allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once a year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative, are more than one year old.							
<sup>2</sup> Nickel monitoring is required. Currently there is no established MCL or MCLG.							
<sup>3</sup> 100% of the turbidity readings were below the treatment technique requirement of 0.3 NTU. Turbidity is a measure of the cloudiness of the water and an indicator of water quality. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectants.							
<sup>4</sup> Data represents the lowest removal of Total Organic Carbon (TOC)							
<sup>5</sup> Data represents the lowest and highest chlorine residuals entering the distribution system from our surface water treatment plant							

### Unregulated Contaminants Monitoring (UCMR3) 2013 - 2014

Parameter	Units	Highest Locational Average	Range Detected	Typical Source
1,1-Dichloroethane	ppb	0.085	ND to 0.09	Halogenated alkane; used as a solvent
1,2,3-Trichloropropane *	ppb	0.035 *	ND to 0.04 *	Halogenated alkane; used as an ingredient in paint, varnish remover, solvents and degreasing agents
* 1,2,3-Trichloropropane was detected in purchased water previously used to supply a limited number of customers. This purchased supply was discontinued in 2015. 1,2,3-Trichloropropane was <b>not</b> detected in any of New Jersey American Water's sources.				
1,4-Dioxane	ppb	0.34	ND to 0.39	Cyclic aliphatic ether; used as a solvent or solvent stabilizer in manufacture and processing of paper, cotton, textile products, automotive coolant, cosmetics and shampoos
Bromochloromethane	ppb	0.09	ND to 0.12	Used as a fire-extinguishing fluid, an explosive suppressant, and as a solvent in the manufacturing of pesticides
Chlorate	ppb	305	ND to 400	Agricultural defoliant or desiccant; disinfection byproduct; and used in production of chloride dioxide
Chromium (VI)	ppb	1.3	ND to 1.3	Naturally-occurring element; used in making steel and other alloys; chromium -3 or -6 forms are used for chrome plating, dyes and pigments, leather tanning, and wood preservation
Cobalt	ppb	4.2	ND to 7.2	Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seawater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used in medicine as a germicide
Molybdenum	ppb	1.5	ND to 1.8	Naturally-occurring elemental found in ores and present in plants, animals and bacteria; commonly used form molybdenum trioxide used as a chemical reagent
Strontium	ppb	1317	74 to 1390	Naturally-occurring element; historically commercial use of strontium has been in the faceplate glass of cathode-ray tube televisions to block x-ray emissions
Vanadium	ppb	2	ND to 3.5	Naturally-occurring elemental metal; used as vanadium pentoxide which is a chemical intermediate and a catalyst